



Vocabulary section		9-U-6-
1 Match the words to the fill in gaps.		
a. liquid-propellant rocket b. antibiotics c. nuclear energy d. internet connection e. IBM personal computer f. navigable submarine g. true automobile h. radio i. airplane j. mechanical TV	1. The first submarine was invented in 1620 by Cornelis Jacobszoon Drebbel. 2. The first was invented in 1886 by Karl Friedrich Benz and Gottlieb Daimler. 3. The first .....was invented in 1896 by an Italian inventor Guglielmo Marconi. 4. The first successful .....was invented in 1903 by Wright brothers. 5. The first was invented in 1920 by John Baird. 6. The first .....was invented in 1926 by Robert Goddard. 7. The first .....was invented in 1928 by Alexander Fleming. 8. The first .....was invented in 1938 by Otto Hahn. 9. The first was invented at the end of the 1960s by American soldiers. 10. The original .....was invented in 1981 by Philip Donald Estridge	
2 Match the words to their synonyms		
1. instantaneous 2. prominent 3. an interpretation 4. a predecessor 5. a device 6. properly	a. an antecedent b. exactly c. a gadget d. very quickly e. a clarification f. brilliant	
3 Fill the comparative and superlative adverbs in gaps. Translate the adverbs.		
Adverbs	Comparative Form	Superlative Form
1. far -хол	farther / further	farthest / furthest
2. little	less	.....
3. badly	.....	worst
4. well	better	.....
5. little	.....	.....
6. eagerly	.....	most eagerly
7. slowly	more slowly	.....
8. quickly	.....	most quickly
9. loudly	more loudly	.....
10. carefully	.....	most carefully
11. sweetly	more sweetly	.....
12. quietly	.....	most quietly
13. colourful	.....	most colourfully
14. beautifully	more beautifully	.....
15. deep	.....	deepest
16. hard	harder	.....
17. long	.....	longest
18. fast	faster	.....
4 Odd one out		
1. engine, electric bulb, motor car, loudly, a radio, calculator 2. Morse machine, telegraph, mobile phone, Thomas Watson 3. predecessor, demonstration, descendant, ancestors 4. keep in contact, keep in mind, keep up with, telegraph 5. terribly, happily, loudly, quietly, carefully, beautiful		



UFE		9-U-6-2
1	Choose the active or the passive form of the simple present tense.	
	1. The radio (was invented/ invented) by Guglielmo Marconi in 1896. 2. In the 19th century, bicycles (were ridden/rode) along with horses. 3. I (didn't tidy/ wasn't tidy) my room after the birthday. 4. A famous painting of Picasso (was sold/sold) in the auction yesterday. 5. The electricians (tested/were tested) the new smoke alarm system last week. 6. All the students in our class (passed/were passed) the Spanish exam. 7. Google (was founded/found) by Larry and Sergey. 8. I (was packed/packed) my bag all by myself. 9. Donald Trump (was elected/ elected) as President of the United States in the November 8, 2016 election. 10. Jargal (was given/gave) a second chance by the school administration.	
2	Convert the following sentences into simple past passive.	
	1. The company chose me to present the project. 2. Nobody helped him. 3. They never sent me the bill. 4. Elmer entertained the guests. 5. Dennis Bergkamp scored the goal of the year. 6. The students converted each sentence to passive. 7. Three men robbed the local bank. 8. The company executive promoted John. 9. Yesterday's earthquake shook the whole town. 10. Herman didn't take this speech seriously.	1. I was chosen by the company to present the project 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.
3	Choose True or false	
	1. True or false? An adverb can be in the positive degree, the comparative degree, or the superlative degree. A: True B: False 2. Select the comparative adverb. Use Paul's version; he writes more diplomatically than Erika. 3. Select the superlative adverb. I have found that the office runs best with the radio on and the heating down. 4. Select the one in the positive degree. A: fast B: faster C: fastest 5. Select the one in the positive degree. A: most happily B: happily C: more happily 6. Select the one in the comparative degree. A: more quickly B: quickly C: quickest 7. Select the one in the positive degree. slowly, more slowly, more angrily, faster, better, least calmly, most, joyfully 8. Select the one in the comparative degree. nicely, quickly, more slowly, most efficiently, least effectively, fastest, best 9. Select the one in the superlative degree. slowly, more slowly, more angrily, faster, better, least calmly, more joyfully 10. Select the correct one: A: He talks most fastest. B: He talks fastest.	
4	Complete the sentences with the passive form of the verbs in brackets.	
	1. English (speak) all over the world. 2. I can't use my computer at the moment. It (repair). 3. This book looks old. When it (it / write)? 4. We put our house up for sale last month, but it (not sell) yet. 5. Their car wasn't in the car park. It (steal). 6. The 2012 Olympic Games (hold) in London. 7. Italian (not teach) at the school I go to. 8. Next week the sports centre (close) for three days.	



Speaking, listening and writing skills		9-U-6-3
1	Answer these questions by matching left column.	
	1. Who was the first navigable submarine invented in 1620 by? 2. Who was the first true automobile invented in 1886 by? 3. Who was the first radio invented in 1896 by? 4. Who was the first successful airplane invented in 1903 by? 5. Who was the first mechanical TV invented in 1920 by? 6. Who was the first liquid-propellant rocket invented in 1926 by? 7. Who was the first antibiotics invented in 1928 by? 8. Who was the first nuclear energy invented in 1938 by? 9. Who was the first internet connection invented at the end of the 1960s by? 10. Who was the original IBM personal computer invented in 1981 by?	a. Wright brothers. b. John Baird. c. Robert Goddard. d. Alexander Fleming. e. Otto Hahn. f. American soldiers. b. Philip Donald Estridge c. Cornelis Jacobszoon Drebbel. d. Karl Friedrich Benz and Gottlieb Daimler. e. an Italian inventor Guglielmo Marconi.
2	Match the sentences.	
	1. When was America discovered? 2. In what year were the Olympic Games held in Barcelona? 3. In what century was William Shakespeare born? 4. When were Harry Potter's novels written? 5. When is Halloween celebrated? 6. When was the Eiffel Tower built? 7. Where are the most bananas grown? 8. In what museum can La Gioconda painting be seen? 9. What is the largest lake in the world called? 10. When was the first automobile invented.	a. in 1889 b. in tropical countries. c. in Louvre museum d. called Baikal. e. in 1886. f. in 1492 g. in 1992 h. in the 16th century i. in 1997. j. on October 31st.
3	Fill in gaps by matching left column. "What brand name is commonly used for"	
	1. ...a cola beverage? 2. ...a fruit-flavoured gelatin dessert? 3. ...an adhesive bandage for small cuts and scrapes? 4. ...a spa or a whirlpool bath? 5. A big metal outdoor container for dumping garbage? 6. ...an absorbent material used in a cat's litter box? 7. ...a tissue for blowing your nose on? 8. ...piped-in music heard in many stores and elevators? 9. ...clear plastic sticky tape on a roll. 10. ...a photocopy or to photocopy? 11. ...a greasy feeling, clear 'petroleum jelly' used for chapped lips and baby's bottoms?	a. Kleenex b. Muzak c. Scotch Tape d. Xerox e. Vaseline f. Coke g. Jello h. Band-Aid i. Jacuzzi j. Dumpster k. Kitty Litter



	Reading	9-U-6-4
1	Complete these sentences by matching left column.	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Most people would be lost today..... 2. Cell phones and other mobile devices are often the main ways..... 3. Before the 1800s, people communicated..... 4. There were other forms of communication..... 5. During the 1800s, a remarkable machine appeared that would revolutionize..... 6. The telegraph was..... 7. The signals from this device would create dashes or dots, 8. From this system of dots and dashes, the famous Morse code came about..... 9. The telegraph remained the prominent form of communication..... 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. the predecessor to the telephone. b. and these could either be printed off or interpreted by ear c. and was used to make meaningful interpretations that telegraphs produced. d. until the end of the 1800s when the telephone was invented. e. without mobile phones. f. that people keep in contact with each other g. only by letters, which often would get lost. h. such as smoke signals and signal fires to send messages quickly from a distance. i. the world by making communication almost instantaneous.
2	Put in the correct tense of verbs	
	<p>It .....(to be) one of those moments when the world .....(to change) forever. On March 10, 1876, Thomas Watson (to star) at a strange piece of mechanical apparatus when he.....(to heard) it speak the words that (to make) history: "Mr. Watson! Come here! I (to want) to see you!" Those three short exclamations (to mark) the moment when the telephone properly into (to come), thanks to Watson's colleague Alexander Graham Bell (1847–1922). Since that moment, a little over a century ago, the telephone (to become) one of the most common place inventions in the world.</p>	
3	Choose True or false.	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Most people would be lost today with mobile phones. 2. Cell phones keeps people in contact with each other. 3. Before the 1800s, people communicated only by mobile devices. 4. Before the 1800s, people communicated by smoke signals and signal fires. 5. During the 1800s, a remarkable machine appeared. 6. The world is making communication by telegraph before the 1800s 7. The telegraph was the predecessor to the telephone. 8. The signals could either be printed or interpreted by mobile phone. 9. The Morse code came about and was used to make meaningful interpretations that telegraphs produced. 10. By the end of the 1800s the telephone was invented. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. True or False 2. True or False 3. True or False 4. True or False 5. True or False 6. True or False 7. True or False 8. True or False 9. True or False 10. True or False
4	Read the text and choose the correct answer.	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Using cell phones and other mobile devices are main ways that people ... each other. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. keep in contact b. keep in mind c. keep up with 2. Smoke signals and signal fires are used in <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. 1800s b. 1900s c. 1876 3. The ... was a revolutionary machine in the telecommunication. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Morse machine b. telegraph c. mobile phone 4. An interpretation means a (an) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. translation b. clarification c. explanation 5. ... invented the first telephone. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Morse b. Thomas Watson c. Graham Bell 6. The telegraph is the immediate ... to the telephone. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. predecessor b. demonstration c. descendant 	



Writing skills (essay writing)		9-U-6-5
Sample essay topic	My favorite piece of technology	
<p>1. Read loudly many times this essay.</p> <p>2. Learn by heart and translate into Mongolian.</p> <p>3. Speak to someone.</p>		
<p>My favorite piece of technology is the smartphone. It's your personal gateway to the rest of the world. Capable of accessing anything in the world, capable of communicating with someone across the world in near real time.</p> <p>The smartphone - more powerful than the computer that landed on the moon. You have ultra-fast computing speed in your hand. Apps on the smartphone can assist absolute everyday tasks and even be used to complete chores from the pleasure of one's own home.</p> <p>Nowadays, even if I have a class, I'll bring my laptop and use it most of the times. I love to find new apps and entertainment websites, news from foreign countries.</p> <p>One thing, I don't think I could live without my wireless headphones. I used to work out with the wired ones and do anything at the gym.</p> <p>I never get bored with it. The smartphone with wireless headphones gives me wonderful enjoyment every day.</p>		
5. See how to divide by paragraphs of essay		
Introduction	PH -1- Introduction sentence	My favorite piece of technology is the smartphone. It's your personal gateway to the rest of the world. Capable of accessing anything in the world, capable of communicating with someone across the world in near real time.
Body (PH-Paragraph)	PH -2- (Topic sentence)	The smartphone - more powerful than the computer that landed on the moon. You have ultra-fast computing speed in your hand. Apps on the smartphone can assist absolute everyday tasks and even be used to complete chores from the pleasure of one's own home.
	PH -3- (Topic sentence)	Nowadays, even if I have a class, I'll bring my laptop and use it most of the times. I love to find new apps and entertainment websites, news from foreign countries.
	PH -4- (Topic sentence)	One thing, I don't think I could live without my wireless headphones. I used to work out with the wired ones and do anything at the gym.
Conclusion	PH -5- (Conclusion sentence)	I never get bored with it. The smartphone with wireless headphones gives me wonderful enjoyment every day.
6. Write about your favorite piece of technology. Try to write at least three supporting sentences per paragraph.		
Introduction PH-1 Paragraph)	PH -1- Introduction sentence	I'd like to tell you.....
Body (PH-Paragraph)	PH -2- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
	PH -3- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
	PH -4- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
Conclusion (PH)	PH -5- (Conclusion sentence)	..... .....



Quiz		9-U-6-6- A version
I.	Write A (active) and P (passive). /4 points/	
	1. I ate a piece of chocolate cake. 2. The money was stolen. 3. Tea is grown in Brazil. 4. We water our plants every day.	
II.	Match the sentence beginning to their endings. /3 points/	
	1. People used to count with abacuses. A. But now we have cars and motorbikes. 2. People used to travel on horses. B. But now we have calculators and computers 3. People used to keep food fresh by putting salt on it. C. But now we have refrigerators.	
III.	Choose the correct answer. /4 points/	
	1. careful / carefully) driver. 2. It works (more efficiently / efficiently) than my previous one.	
IV.	Rewrite the passive sentence into active, active sentences into passive. /4 points/	
	1. Spanish tortilla is exported to the USA. 2. We made a lot of mistakes. 3. Thomas Edison invented the electric light bulb. 4. English lesson is taught by my classroom teacher.	
V.	Read the article and answer the questions. /2 points/	
	"Where do great brand names come from?" The name is the most important element of a successful brand. Packaging changes, advertising changes, products even change but brand names never change. They can be named as family names or perhaps the inventor's favorite color or animal or sometimes the names are just completely made up. For example, McDonald's is a family name, Adidas was created from the inventors name Adi Dassler, Volvo means "to roll" in Latin and KODAK was completely made up by the inventor George Eastman because he thought it was unusual and different.	
	1. Why are the brand names important? 2. Name three different sources of brand names?	
VI.	Write comparative and superlative adverbs. /3 points/	
	1. fast- 2. carefully- 3. quietly-	



Quiz		9-U-6-6- B-Version
I.	Write A (active) and P (passive). /4 points/	
	1.They are paid on Fridays. 2.The librarian read the book to the students. 3.We are invited to the party. 4.Bolor wrote 3 letters yesterday.	
II.	Match the sentence beginning to their endings. /3 points/	
	1.People used to tell each other stories for entertainment. 2.People used to tell the time with the sun. 3.Women didn't use to wear trousers.	A. But now we use watches and clocks B. But now many women wear jeans C. But now they watch TV and movies.
III.	Choose the correct answer. /4 points/	
	1.He played the guitar (more terribly / terribly) than he played last night. 2.Jim painted the kitchen (badly / worse) than I did. 3.He drives (good / well). 4.She works (more carefully / most carefully) than my previous one.	
IV.	Rewrite the passive sentence into active, active sentences into passive. /4 points/	
	1.Shakespeare wrote 'Hamlet'. 2.Columbus didn't discover America in 1491. 3.Nokia mobile phones are produced in Finland. 4.The newspapers are read every day by our parents.	
V.	Read the article and answer the questions. /2 points/	
	"Where do great brand names come from?" Do you know it got its name? It's quite a funny story. Steve jobs and Steve Woznaik were struggling to come up with a name. They had options like ;; Executek" and " Matrix Electronics", but those just didn't feel quite right. Steve Jobs worked on a farm in Oregon part time, come back one weekend and said, " I have got a great name. Apple." It was his favorite fruit and he decided to call his company Apple.	
	1.Why did the brand Apple get the name? 2.Do you have a favorite brand? what is it and why do you like it?	
VI.	Write comparative and superlative adverbs. /3 points/	
	1.hard- 2.efficiently- 3.loudly-	



❖ 6-р бүлэг сэдвийн хүрээнд дэх үгсийг мэддэг эсэхээ өөрөө шалгаад, мэддэг үгсийн ард ✓ тэмдэглэгээ тавьж, мэддэггүй шинэ үгс таарвал толь бичгээс олж, цээжилнэ үү!

1. Accident		28. Dragon pattern		Keep food fresh		82. Quiet	
2. Acronym-		29. Drawback		56. Keep in contact with each other		83. Revolutionize	
3. Antecedent-		30. Eager		57. Labour-		84. Ringmaster	
4. Apparatus		31. Ease		58. Laugh-		85. Rocketry	
5. Assignment		32. Electricity		59. Light bulb/Electric bulb		86. Roll	
6. Astonishing		33. Enthusiast		60. Magical-		87. Safety net	
7. Automobile		34. Evaluation		61. Meaningful		88. Serious	
8. Brilliant		35. Exactly		62. Mechanical calculator		89. Settle-	
9. Circus tent		36. Exclamation		63. Mistake		90. Shoot photo	
10. Clarification		37. Export-		64. Novel-		91. Silk gown	
11. Clown		38. Factory		65. Nuclear power-		92. Skyscraper	
12. Colleague-		39. Foldaway bike		66. Opera singer		93. Smoke signal	
13. Colourful		40. Found		67. Originally		94. Smooth-	
14. Come up with		41. Gadget		68. Oversea		95. Snow-white	
15. Communicate		42. Gazelle		69. Package		96. Soya	
16. Create		43. Genius-		70. Painting		97. Specifics-	
17. Crossword		44. Global warming		71. Paper money		98. Steam engine	
18. Crowd-		45. Greek Goddess of Victory		72. Perfume		99. Struggle	
19. Dangerous		46. Horrible		73. Phrase		100. Submarine	
20. Dash-		47. Imaginary		74. Plastic bag		101. Telecommunication	
21. Destination		48. Injure		75. Pleasant		102. Telegraph	
22. Device		49. Instantaneous		76. Predecessor		103. Tool	
23. Dimension-		50. Integrated		77. Presentation		104. Tortilla-	
24. Disadvantage-		51. Interpretation		78. Produce		105. Trademark	
25. Discover		52. Invent		79. Prominent		106. Translation	
26. Distance		53. Invention		80. Pronounce		107. Umbrella	
27. Dot		54. Inventor		81. Properly		108. Unusual-	



1	Vocabulary section	9-U-7-1
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. debris and mudflows 2. natural disasters 3. earthquakes 4. an avalanche 5. a landslide 6. a drought 7. a blizzard 8. a thunderstorm 9. a lightning 10. a typical cyclone 11. a hurricane 12. a flood 13. a tsunami 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. a long period when there is little or no rain b. a blizzard - a severe snow storm with strong winds c. a type of tropical cyclone or severe tropical storm d. a flash of bright light that is produced by electricity from clouds. e. it followed by thunderstorms f. a violent wind that has a circular movement g. an overflow of rain water h. a large wave caused by a violent movement of the earth under the sea i. rivers of rock, earth j. They include tornadoes, strong winds, hail and flash flooding. k. the deadliest of all natural disasters. l. dangerous slide of snow down a mountain m. a mass of rock and earth moving suddenly and quickly down a steep slope
2	Odd one out.	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. a torch, a life vest, a first aid kit, a pen, a thunderstorm, 2. a whistle, a blizzard, a radio, matches, a compass, climbing rope. 3. to stop, to think, to plan, to observe, a lightning 4. a tsunami, a hurricane, an earthquake, an evacuation slide 5. debris and mudflows, natural disasters, a seat belt, an avalanche 6. a landslide, a drought, a blizzard, knife, a lightning 7. earthquakes, a mobile phone, an emergency exit, an instruction card, 8. a seat belt, air traffic control tower, to observe, an evacuation slide, 9. a life vest, an oxygen mask, a crew, an earthquake 	



UFE	9-U-7-2
Reported Commands	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • affirmative commands • negative commands 	→ to + infinitive → not + to + infinitive
Direct Speech → Dad: "Do your homework."	Reported Speech → Dad told me to do my homework.
Direct Speech → Teacher: "Do n't talk to your friend."	Reported Speech → The teacher told me not to talk to my friend.
1 Finish the sentences using Reported speech.	
1.Khulan: "I speak English and Chinese." 2.Khandaa: "Jargal often reads comics." 3.Kherlen and Mart: "We go swimming in the lake." 4.Mandukhai: "I'm tired." 5.Anand: "The boys always wear jeans." 6.Otgaa and Naraa: "Our smartphones don't work." 7.Luvsan: "Alimaa sometimes meets friends." 8.Amraa: "I really love my moped." 9.Naran: "You have a fast car." 10.Javzan: "Your dogs are cute."	1. Khulan said (that) 2. Khandaa said (that) "Jargal 3. Kherlen and Mart: told me (that)..... 4. Mandukhai remarked (that) 5. Anand told me (that) 6. Otgaa and Naraa: mentioned (that) 7. Luvsan said (that)..... 8. Amraa said (that) 9. Naran remarked (that) 10. Javzan: told me (that)
2 Finish the sentences using Reported speech.	
1. Enkhee: "The train left at eight." 2. Soyolmaa: "Davaa forgot his keys." 3. Amraa: "I had a meeting at four." 4. Jargal and Luya: "We visited Aunt Enkhee 5. Mum: "Mandakh repaired the printer." 6. Togtokh: "Zulaa didn't like the food in the restaurant." 7. Handaa: "I walked to the museum." 8. Nyamaa: "She went home late." 9. Alimaa: "Luya lost my money." 10. Dad: "Enkhee didn't eat potatoes as a child."	1. Enkhee said (that) 2. Soyolmaa said (that) 3. Amraa: remarked (that) 4. Jargal and Luya said (that) 5. Mum remarked (that) 6. Togtokh mentioned (that) Zulaa 7. Handaa told me (that) 8. Enkhee said (that) 9. Alimaa told me (that) 10.Mum told me (that)
3 Complete the exercise with If or Unless.	
1. We cannot go sailing the rain stops. 2. I won't talk to her she apologizes to me. 3. You won't be able to find the house you get help from your GPS. 4. I won't go he is going. 5. ....we don't take the necessary measures now, we may have serious problems later. 6. you don't take notes you will have hard time studying later. 7. She must have graduated already, .....she failed a class. 8. Jargal is always cheerful .....something really bad happens. 9. I will never forgive you you tell him the truth. 10. You are not allowed into the casino .....you are under 21 years old. 11. My mother will cook .....they decide to eat out. 12. I should be there by 11 o'clock I don't catch any traffic. 13. I should be there by 11 o'clock I catch a lot of traffic. 14. The show should start at 9:30 they changed the schedule. 15. they behave, those children are not welcome here.	



Speaking skills		9-U-7-3
1	Answer the questions by matching left column.	
	1. If matches are wet, what will you make? 2. If the battery of a mobile phone ends, what won't you use? 3. If the arrow of a compass doesn't work, what will you happen? 4. If the lamp of a torch ends, what will happen there? 5. If the antenna of a radio doesn't work, what will you do? 6. If a life vest has been tom, what will it be? 7. If a flask has a hole, what will you do?	a. be dark b. listen to the radio. c. it can't be safe. d. can't keep water in e. make a fire. f. use a mobile phone g. get lost your way.
2	Answer the questions by matching left column.	
	1. If she didn't wear so much make-up, what would she look? 2. If you were rich, what would you spend all your time? 3. If you don't stop smoking, what will you happen? 4. If you have enough time tomorrow, what will you do for me? 5. If you get lost way you, what do you need to take? 6. if you don't know survival skills, what I will not be able to? 7. If you travel by plane listen to the instructions, what will you do? 8. If you are in an emergency situation, what will you do? 9. If there is a thunderstorm and lightning, what will you do? 10. If you live in the remote place, what will you need to listen? 11. If you live in a low-lying area near water, what should you be?	a. I'm not be able to survive emergency situations. b. carefully and be calm. c. be positive and follow the STOP tip. d. don't stand in open places. e. you need to listen to the radio and the weather forecast. f. you should be aware of flood. g. She would look prettier h. I would spend all my time traveling. i. you will fall seriously ill. j. I will come and see you. k. you will need to take a compass
3	Can you survive in the jungle? You're lost in the jungle with a group of people. Decide what to do.	
	<u>1.You're lost. Do you move?</u> a) We don't move b) We move in a group. c) In different directions. <u>2.The sun moves...</u> a) from west to east b) from east to west c) from north to south <u>3.What do you look for first?</u> a) food. We don't need water. b) water. We can't survive.	<u>4.What can you drink?</u> a) water from rivers. b) rainwater c) we can buy water <u>5.You find a village,how can I communicate with them?</u> a) we can't b) with pictures <u>6.You see a tiger...</u> a) you hunt it and eat it. b) we don't move c) we climb a tree



Reading skills		9-U-7-4
1 Put the suitable tense verbs in the text.		
<p>Two-year-old boy, his mother and father: Taiwanese couple <u>were travelling</u> (to travel) on the plane with their two-year-old son. Local media said father <u>had changed</u> (to change) seats from the left-hand side to the right before take-off, that <u>might have saved</u> (to save) their lives. When the plane <u>was submerged</u> (to submerge), he <u>was able to</u> (to be able) get out and help his wife to get out of the opening. They then <u>found</u> (to find) their son floating in the water. "The pilot's immediate action <u>saved</u> (to save) many people," the father told Reuters. "We all <u>feel</u> (to feel) very lucky."</p> <p>72-year-old man: Mr. Huang told reporters that he <u>tried</u> (to try) to help others struggling in the river outside the wreckage. "I saw others were drowning," he <u>told</u> (to tell) the ETTV broadcaster from his bed at Tri Service General Hospital in Taipei. "If I did not move quick enough to help them, soon they <u>would be dead</u>. (to die)" Mr. Huang said he suspected something was wrong with the plane from the start. "<u>I felt</u> (to feel) something was not right after the plane took off, (to take off)" he said. "I said to the woman next to me to buckle seatbelts. I <u>had just finished</u> (to finish) saying it and then the plane went down."</p> <p>Mingzhong Chen: The wife of survivor Mingzhong Chen said: "My family is a lucky bunch; we get to see our loved (to love) ones." She said that her husband <u>had told</u> (to tell) her how cold the water was.</p> <p>Taxi driver: Although not a passenger on the plane, a taxi driver is among the survivors of this tragedy. Dramatic footage shot from vehicles on a bridge in Taipei showed (to show) the plane passed (to pass) very low overhead and seemingly hit very close to a taxi before the bridge and falling into the river. The driver of that taxi and one passenger were hurt but survived. Referred to by local media, he scrambled (to scramble) from the wreckage of his car with serious injuries and told doctors: "I fainted (to faint) at the moment when the plane hit us."</p>		
2 Translate the words into Mongolian.		
the left-hand side- before take-off- to submerge- struggling- wreckage suspect- take off	to buckle- seatbelts- bunch- tragedy- footage- overhead- clipping-	to scramble- wreckage- injuries- to faint- plane went down- drowning- dramatic footage-
3 Read the text and answer questions by Yes, No and Doesn't say (DS).		
<p>1. Were there more than fifty people on board of the plane.</p> <p>2. Did the plane crash into a road?</p> <p>3. Is the BBC a TV broadcaster?</p> <p>4. Does half-submerged wreckage mean the half of the plane is remained?</p> <p>5. Did the father save his family life by changing his seat on plane?</p> <p>6. Did Mr. Huang suspect something was wrong with the plane from the start?</p> <p>7. Was Mingzhong Chen together with her husband on board?</p> <p>8. Was the taxi driver almost hit by the falling plane on the bridge?</p>		



Writing skills (essay writing)		9-U-7-5
Sample essay topic	My favorite trip	
<p>1. Read loudly many times this essay.</p> <p>2. Learn by heart and translate into Mongolian.</p> <p>3. Speak to someone.</p>		
<p>A visit to countryside is a unique and wonderful experience. My friend's village is very calm and peaceful and not over-crowded like our cities. It is indeed a great joy to spend a few holidays there.</p> <p>It was a wonderful experience to walk in the natural surroundings. There is fresh air all around.</p> <p>The green fields present a very beautiful sight. There were very tall trees at small distances from each other. The birds which had built their nests on those trees were chirping.</p> <p>There is no noise pollution and no traffic jams. The people are simple and care for each other. The food is simple and healthy. Farmers were watering their fields and the women were milking cows.</p> <p>I stayed in the countryside village and returned home with many joyful memories of the country life. It was a wonderful journey and very touching moment for me.</p>		
5. See how to divide by paragraphs of essay		
Introduction	PH -1- Introduction sentence	A visit to countryside is a unique and wonderful experience. My friend's village is very calm and peaceful and not over-crowded like our cities. It is indeed a great joy to spend a few holidays there.
Body (PH-Paragraph)	PH -2- (Topic sentence)	It was a wonderful experience to walk in the natural surroundings. There is fresh air all around.
	PH -3- (Topic sentence)	The green fields present a very beautiful sight. There were very tall trees at small distances from each other. The birds which had built their nests on those trees were chirping.
	PH -4- (Topic sentence)	There is no noise pollution and no traffic jams. The people are simple and care for each other. The food is simple and healthy. Farmers were watering their fields and the women were milking cows.
Conclusion	PH -5- (Conclusion sentence)	I stayed in the countryside village and returned home with many joyful memories of the country life. It was a wonderful journey and very touching moment for me.
6. Write about your favorite trip. Try to write at least three supporting sentences per paragraph.		
Introduction (PH-1 Paragraph)	PH -1- Introduction sentence	I'd like to tell you.....
Body (PH-Paragraph)	PH -2- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
	PH -3- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
	PH -4- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
Conclusion (PH Paragraph)	PH -5- (Conclusion sentence)	..... .....





❖ 7-р бүлэг сэдвийн хүрээнд дэх үгсийг мэддэг эсэхээ өөрөө шалгаад, мэддэг үгсийн ард ✓ тэмдэглэгээ тавьж, мэддэггүй шинэ үгс таарвал толь бичгээс олж, цээжилнэ үү!

1. Access	37. Disorientate	74. Make contact	109. Submerge
2. Accumulate	38. Dramatic footage	75. Matches	110. Surroundings
3. Agreement	39. Drought	76. Mental attitude	111. Survival situation
4. Air traffic control tower	40. Drown	77. Mess	112. Survival skill
5. Alive	41. Earth	78. Metal fence	113. Survival tip
6. Arrow	42. Earthquake	79. Metal pipe	114. Survive
7. Avalanche	43. Effort	80. Miracle	115. Survivor-
8. Aware of disaster	44. Emergency instruction	81. Mudflows	116. Swept into sea
9. Bedtime story	45. Essential element	82. Natural disaster	117. Take off clearance
10. Belt	46. Evaluate	83. Occur	118. Telephone pole
11. Bend	47. Evacuation	84. Oxygen mask	119. Thunderstorm
12. Blizzard	48. Expect-	85. Pacific ocean	120. Tidal
13. Buckle seatbelt	49. Exposure	86. Parcel	121. Top of a hill
14. Bunch	50. Express	87. Pen knife	122. Torch
15. Buried	51. Extensive	88. Pleased	123. Torn
16. Calm	52. Faint-	89. Postcard	124. Tornado
17. Climbing rope	53. Fireplace	90. Radiator	125. Tragedy
18. Clue	54. First aid kit	91. Railroad track	126. Tropical cyclone
19. Coastline	55. Flash flooding	92. Rainfall	127. Tube of toothpaste
20. Collapsed house	56. Flashlight	93. Rapid snowmelt	128. Twin
21. Compass	57. Flask	94. Remote place	129. Typically
22. Cope with	58. Flight	95. Safety announcer	130. Unplug
23. Cornflake	59. Float	96. Scramble	131. Upset
24. Correspond	60. Flood	97. Searcher	132. Vacation
25. Couple	61. Gulf	98. Seatbelt	133. Vacuum flask
26. Coworker	62. Hail	99. Shelter	134. Volcanic eruption
27. Crash into	63. Half-submerged wreckage-	100. Shoe lace	135. Warmth
28. Crew	64. Hole	101. Slide	136. Waterproof backpack
29. Deadliest	65. Hurricane	102. Solve	137. Weather forecast
30. Death	66. Immediate action	103. Spinach	138. Whistle
31. Debris	67. Indian ocean	104. Stranded	139. Wildfire
32. Desert island	68. Interval	105. Strategy	140. Windstorm
33. Destruction	69. Item	106. Stream	141. Worry-
34. Diary entry	70. Landslide	107. Strike	142. Wrap
35. Dig out mud	71. Lie	108. Stuck in the mud	143. Wreckage



Vocabulary section		8-U-8-1
Match the corresponding jobs on the left		
1	1. you buy meat from him. 2. brings food to your table in a restaurant. 3. a person who checks your teeth 4. he cooks food in a restaurant 5. a person who draws paintings 6. a person who makes furniture 7. you go to this person if you need glasses 8. a person who repairs cars 9. a person who designs new machines 10. a person who puts out fires	a. butcher b. waiter c. dentist d. chef e. artist f. carpenter g. glasses optician h. mechanic i. engineer j. fireman
2	1. A crash helmet is used by a 2. A whistle is used by a 3. A typewriter is used by a 4. A palette is used by an 5. Pins are used by a 6. A blackboard is used by a 7. A chisel is used by a 8. A tripod is used by a 9. A microscope is used by a 10. A stethoscope is used by a	a. motorcyclist b. referee c. secretary d. artist e. dressmaker f. teacher g. carpenter h. photographer i. scientist j. doctor
3	1. Who rescues people from burning buildings and helps put out fires? 2. Who works in a hospital and helps doctors? 3. Who defends people's rights in court? 4. Who flies an airplane? 5. Who takes people's orders in a restaurant and serves them food? 6. Who works in a police station and maintains public security? 7. Who works in a bank and keeps records of money? 8. Who works in a hospital and treats patients? 9. Who answers phone calls and does office work for his / her boss? 10. Who reports news on TV, radio or newspaper? 11. Who does the cooking in a restaurant or hotel? 12. Who acts in a film? 13. Who manages the affairs of a company or business? 14. Who does business?	a. a firefighter, b. a doctor, c. a lawyer, d. a pilot, e. a waiter, f. a police officer, g. an accountant, h. a nurse, i. a secretary j. a journalist, k. a chef, l. an actor, m. a manager, n. a business person,
4	Odd one out	
	1. reliable, a journalist, a police officer, an accountant, 2. responsible, shop-assistant, strong, determined 3. a business person, a doctor, a nurse, a pilot, courageous 4. experienced, helpful, imaginative, a secretary, sincere 5. wait, firefight, host, drive, act, write, a pilot, direct 6. determined, responsible, courageous, inventive, motorcyclist 7. punctual, timely, reliable, decisive, a barman, creative 8. innovative, imaginative, a journalist, punctual, helpful	



UFE- Skills	9-U-8-2
1 Choose the pronoun to use which or who that will best fit in the blank.	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> This is the bank was robbed. The man robbed the bank had two pistols. He wore a mask made him look like Mickey Mouse. He came with a friend waited outside in the car. The woman gave him the money was young. The bag contained the money was yellow. The people were in the bank were very frightened. The car he escaped in was orange. The man drove the car was nervous. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <u>which</u>
2 Write the sentence using 'that' or 'who' and a relative clause:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> She worked for a man (the man used to be an athlete) [<u>She worked for a man who used to be an athlete</u>] They called a lawyer (the lawyer lived nearby) [They called The customer liked the waitress (the waitress was very friendly) [The customer liked We broke the computer (the computer belonged to my father) [We broke the computer] She loves books (the books have happy endings) [She loves books] They live in a city (the city is in the north of Mongolia) [They live in a city] The man is in the garden (the man is wearing a blue jumper) [The man] The girl works in a bank (the girl is from Hovd) [The girl who is.....] My sister has three children (my sister lives in Selenge) [My sister] The waiter was rude (the waiter was wearing a blue shirt) [The waiter] 	
3 Fill in each gap with the correct prepositions: at, in, on, of, to, for, about, with.	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> England is famous .....its rainy weather. I'm very proud .....my daughter, she worked very hard. He isn't really interested .....singing sons. Luke is very pleased .....his exam results. Unfortunately, I'm very bad .....music. She's very excited .....the party. Julie is very different .....her sister. My niece is afraid .....dogs. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> A ball gown is similar .....an evening dress. What is your town famous? It's great you got that job - you should be proud .....yourself. I'm very excited .....buying a new computer. That bike is similar .....yours. She is interested .....jazz. Are you pleased .....your new house? Lucy is extremely good .....languages. English cheese is very different .....French cheese. He isn't afraid .....anything.



Speaking and listening skills		9-U-8-3
Answer the questions.		
1	1. What does a butcher do? 2. What does a waiter do? 3. What does a dentist do? 4. What does a chef do? 5. What does an artist do? 6. What does a carpenter do? 7. What does a glasses optician? 8. What does a mechanic do? 9. What does an engineer do? 10. What does a fireman do?	a. A butcher sells meat. b. c. d. e. f. g. h. i.
2	1. What kind of equipment do a motorcyclist use? 2. What kind of equipment do a referee use? 3. What kind of equipment do a secretary use? 4. What kind of equipment do an artist use? 5. What kind of equipment do a dressmaker use? 6. What kind of equipment do a teacher use? 7. What kind of equipment do a carpenter use? 8. What kind of equipment do a photographer use? 9. What kind of equipment do a scientist use? 10. What kind of equipment do a doctor use?	a. A motorcyclist uses b. A referee uses c. A secretary uses d. An artist palette uses e. A dressmaker uses f. A teacher uses g. A carpenter uses h. A photographer uses i. A scientist uses j. A doctor uses
3	1. Where and what does a firefighter work? 2. Where and what does a doctor work? 3. Where and what does a lawyer work? 4. Where and what does a pilot work? 5. Where and what does a waiter work? 6. Where and what does a police officer work? 7. Where and what does an accountant work? 8. Where and what does a nurse work? 9. Where and what does a secretary work? 10. Where and what does a journalist work? 11. Where and what does a chef work? 12. Where and what does an actor work? 13. Where and what does a manager work? 14. Where and what does a business person work?	a. A firefighter rescues b. A doctor works in c. A lawyer defends d. A pilot flies e. A waiter takes people's f. A police officer works g. An accountant works h. A nurse works in treats i. A secretary answers and does j. A journalist reports, radio or newspaper. k. A chef does the cooking l. An actor acts in m. A manager manages n. A business person does.....
4	1. Are you good at climbing trees? 2. Are you good at singing? 3. Are you good at speaking English? 4. Are you good at computer games? 5. Are you keen on playing the piano? 6. Are you keen on playing dodgeball? 7. Are you good at playing basketball? 8. Are you good at playing volleyball? 9. Are you interested in music? 10. Are you really interested in changing your job?	1. <u>I am not good at climbing trees.</u> 2..... 3..... 4..... 5..... 6..... 7..... 8..... 9.....



Reading and writing skills		9-U-8-4
1	Read these phrases. Who would say these things? A vet? A secretary? A stuntman? All these jobs are included - but where? Write the job in the space provided.	
	<p>politician teacher fashion designer secretary presenter chess player barman air steward writer dentist film director photographer racing driver stuntman vet pilot store detective truck driver</p> <p>1. I don't like looking in mouths all day..... 2. Sometimes the animals bite me, though I am trying to help them..... 3. Landing is the most stressful part..... 4. Some passengers want to drink after five minutes! 5. I like all of my students..... 6. I don't like making coffee for him, but I like typing. 7. I look terrible in front of the camera at that time! 8. I am happy to be behind the camera thinking about the next shot..... 9. These models wear these clothes for five years. I have made them as a career for over 30 years..... 10. I often have no ideas and sit quietly behind the typewriter..... 11. Some people ask for drinks I have never heard of - but I try. 12. My lenses are so important to me - those and the light of course. 13. I don't drive this fast on public roads..... 14. The famous actors make the money - but we take the risks and the pain..... 15. There is another election next year. I am very nervous..... 16. Some people leave the store without paying by mistake - we get them all! 17. I use the CB radio to talk to the other drivers in the area. 18. It takes years of practice to become a Grandmaster - and a good use of the queen!</p>	
2	Read the following story. Then read each question and choose one answer.	
	<p>Saraa is a manager at a small health food store. The store is having a big sale. She is very busy. There are many customers looking at the natural food sale items. Enkhee works for the Landscaping of City. She cleans up parks in the city. She works five days a week, Monday through Friday.</p>	
	<p>1. What is Saraa's job? a. She is a manager. b. She is a cashier. c. She is a customer. d. She is busy.</p> <p>2. Why is Saraa busy? a. The store is too small. b. They have a lot of natural food items. c. They need more customers. d. There is a sale</p>	<p>3. What is Enkhee's job? a. Landscaping of City b. parks c. cleans parks d. five days a week</p> <p>4. How many days does she work? a. five days b. two days c. Friday d. Monday</p>
	5. For whom does Enkhee work?	<p>a. Landscaping of City b. parks c. five days a week d. Monday</p>



Writing skills (essay writing)		9-U-8-5
Sample essay topic	My favorite future profession	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Read loudly many times this essay. 2. Learn by heart and translate into Mongolian. 3. Speak to someone. 		
<p>Choosing the future profession has always been very important because it determines our future life in many ways. It is one of the most important decisions for every person.</p> <p>As for me, I had decided to be a teacher of English as a second language because it will be a chance to fulfill my dream of helping people to learn the foreign language.</p> <p>I think I possess the qualities necessary for being a good teacher. I am hard-working, kind-hearted, and broadminded.</p> <p>I want to devote myself to teaching different people, especially children. I will need to use all my knowledge, skills and imagination to find the right approach for every student and make the process of studying as creative and interesting, as possible. So, I think that I have made the right choice of future professions.</p>		
5. See how to divide by paragraphs of essay		
Introduction	PH -1- Introduction sentence	Choosing the future profession has always been very important because it determines our future life in many ways. It is one of the most important decisions for every person.
Body (PH-Paragraph)	PH -2- (Topic sentence)	As for me, I had decided to be a teacher of English as a second language because it will be a chance to fulfill my dream of helping people to learn the foreign language.
	PH -3- (Topic sentence)	I think I possess the qualities necessary for being a good teacher. I am hard-working, kind-hearted, and broadminded.
	PH -4- (Topic sentence)	I want to devote myself to teaching different people, especially children. I will need to use all my knowledge, skills and imagination to find the right approach for every student and make the process of studying as creative and interesting, as possible.
Conclusion	PH -5- (Conclusion sentence)	So, I think that I have made the right choice of future professions.
6. Write about your favorite future profession. Try to write at least three supporting sentences per paragraph.		
Introduction PH-1 Paragraph)	PH -1- Introduction sentence	I'd like to tell you.....
Body (PH- Paragraph)	PH -2- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
	PH -3- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
	PH -4- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
Conclusion (PH) Paragraph)	PH -5- (Conclusion sentence)	..... .....



Quiz		9-U-8-6 -5 A version
I.	Write the jobs next to the definitions. /4 points /	
	1. works in a hospital and helps doctors. 2. rescues people from burning buildings and helps put out fires. 3. defends people's right in court 4. works in a police station and maintains public security.	
II.	Complete the correct prepositions for each adjective. /4 points/ /of, in, at, for/	
	1. She is not really interested ----- making jewelry. 2. Sometimes I wish I could be more famous ----- my pictures. 3. Gerlee is afraid ----- meeting new people. 4. What lesson does Bold good -----?	
III	Join the sentences using who, which or whose. /4 points/	
	1. A robot is a machine. It can replace human workers. 2. A vet is a doctor. He treats animals. 3. I bought a book yesterday. The book was so interesting. 4. I met Bolor last Friday. Her essay was the best.	
IV.	Write the words to their synonyms. /4 points/	
	courageous - creative- reliable- decisive-.....	
V.	Underline if or unless. /4 points/	
	1. If / Unless you study hard, you will pass the exam. 2. If/ Unless you go to bed late, you'll feel tired in the morning. 3. If/ Unless you wear warm clothes, you will get a cold. 4. If/ Unless he does his homework, his teacher will be angry to him.	
Quiz		9-U-8-6 B- version
I.	Write the jobs next to the definitions. /4 points /	
	1. does the cooking in a restaurant or hotel. 2. works in a bank and keeps records of money. 3. flies a plane. 4. reports news on TV, radio and newspaper.	
II.	Complete the correct prepositions for each adjective. /4 points/	
	to, about, of, on	
	1. Enkhmaa is excited meeting with the classmates. 2. I'm very proud my mom, she worked very hard won the gold medal. 3. Bold is really keen solving Math problems. 4. I was so nice meet you on the wedding ceremony.	
III	Join the sentences using who, which or whose. /4 points/	
	1. Pets are animals. They are kept at home as companions. 2. That's the girl. Her mother works with my mother. 3. Astronaut is a person. Astronaut studies the planets. 4. I love my mom. She cooks very delicious food.	
IV.	Write the words to their synonyms. /4 points/	
	imaginative - determined - punctual - responsible -	
V.	Underline if or unless. /4 points/	
	1.If / Unless you drive more carefully, you'll have an accident. 2.If / Unless you practice your English, you will improve it quickly. 3.If/ Unless he asks you about it, tell him what happened. 4.If/ Unless you can do your homework, I will help you	



❖ 8-р бүлэг сэдвийн хүрээнд дэх үгсийг мэддэг эсэхээ өөрөө шалгаад, мэддэг үгсийн ард ✓ тэмдэглэгээ тавьж, мэддэггүй шинэ үгс таарвал толь бичгээс олж, цээжилнэ үү!							
1. Accepted in society		37. Courageous		73. Improve		109. Punctual	
2. Accountant		38. Court		74. Include		110. Put out fire	
3. Additional information		39. Cousin		75. Independent		111. Quality	
4. Admire		40. Craziest-		76. Innovative		112. Recognizable	
5. Advertising company		41. Create company		77. Inseparable part		113. Reject	
6. Aggressive		42. Creative		78. Insightful		114. Reliable	
7. Alone		43. Crucial		79. Insist-		115. Replace	
8. Amusing		44. Decisive		80. Inspiration		116. Reread-	
9. Apart from job		45. Deed		81. Inspiring		117. Responsible	
10. Applause		46. Defend people's right-		82. Intelligent		118. Respond	
11. Architect		47. Determined		83. Introduction		119. Scare	
12. Area		48. Director-захирал		84. Inventive		120. Secretary	
13. Audience		49. Discount		85. Journalist		121. Sense of humour	
14. Audition		50. Divide-		86. Keen on		122. Separate	
15. Automotive company-		51. Duty		87. Latecomer		123. Share news	
16. Behave		52. Essay writing competition		88. Lawyer		124. Shy	
17. Behaviours		53. Exam result		89. License-		125. Signature	
18. Best-selling novel		54. Excellent		90. Look forward to		126. Sincere	
19. Brave		55. Experienced		91. Luckily		127. Skillful	
20. Briefly		56. Experiment		92. Maintain public security		128. Slim	
21. Bright		57. Express feelings		93. Manage affair of company		129. Sociable	
22. Burning building		58. Famous for		94. Marketing manager		130. Spelling	
23. Candidate		59. Fantastic		95. Mention		131. Spiritual satisfaction	
24. Career		60. Fiction		96. Messy		132. Subject	
25. Change job		61. Fit		97. Motion		133. Submit	
26. Characters		62. Flight attendant		98. Nervous-		134. Succeed	
27. Cheerful		63. Follow instruction		99. New comer		135. Tell joke	
28. Chef		64. Founder		100. Obey instruction		136. Throw rubbish	
29. Comma		65. Funny		101. Order		137. Timely	
30. Companion		66. Graduate from school		102. Originate		138. Tire-	
31. Compete with		67. Grandchildren		103. Ostrich		139. Treat patient	
32. Complain		68. Hardship		104. Paragraph		140. Underestimate	
33. Conclude		69. Height		105. Pass exam		141. Unpleasant situation-	
34. Confident		70. Honest		106. Picnic		142. Vehicle	
35. Constant		71. Host		107. Pompous		143. Vet	



Vocabulary of calculation			9-U-9-1	
Read and write the operations.				
1)	$10 + 5 = 15$ $22 - 11 = 11$ $17 \times 3 = 51$ $15 \div 5 = 3$	1) Ten plus five equals fifteen. 2)..... 3)..... 4).....		
2	Fill the calculation in gaps.			
	1. Twenty-three plus seven equals thirty. 2. six multiplied by ten equals sixty. 3. Fifty-six multiplied by two equals one hundred and twelve. 4. Three thousand minus two thousand equals one thousand. 5. Eighty-eight plus two equals ninety. 6. Six divided by three equals two. 7. Four hundred divided by four hundred equals one. 8. Seven minus one equals six. 9. Ninety-nine plus five equals one hundred and four. 10. One million divided by ten thousand equals one hundred.			
3	Write and read out percentages & fractions			
	1) 55% 2) 100% 3) 200% 4) 365% 5) 4.25% 6) 4.025%	1) fifty-five per cent 2) 3) 4) (British English) (American English) 5) 6)		
4	Put the fractions	1/7- a seventh 1/8-an eighth	1/2- a half / one half 1/4-a quarter / one quarter	2/3- two thirds 3/10- three tenths
	Write by English word		Write the numbers	
5	$30\% = \dots\dots\dots$ $400\% = \dots\dots\dots$ $2.27\% = \dots\dots\dots$ $4/5 = \dots\dots\dots$ $6/10 = \dots\dots\dots$	1. Forty two plus twenty one is equal to sixty three. 2. Sixty two take away eighteen is equal to Forty four. 3. Twenty seven take away twenty five is equal to two. 4. Eleven times two is equal to twenty two. 5. Ten divided by four is equal to five seconds.		$1.42+21=63$ 2. 3. 4. 5.
6	Match the palindromes to their definitions			
	1. pertaining to tenths or to the number 2. a part of a whole 3. a rate or proportion per hundred 4. a quantity or amount equal to such a part 5. a fourth part, especially of one 6. the top number of shows how many parts we have. 7. the bottom number a fraction shows how many parts the whole is divided into		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ a quarter ▪ a numerator ▪ a denominator ▪ a decimal ▪ a fraction ▪ a percent ▪ a half 	
7	a. to do with community		▪ kayak	



UFE	9-U-9-2
1 Read the questions below and decide which answer best fits each space.	
<p>1. If we have to work together, we ... cooperate.</p> <p>a. will should b. have to c. should</p> <p>2. If you want to be with me, ... me that you love me.</p> <p>a. tell b. will tell c. don't tell</p> <p>3. I ... you any alcohol, unless you ... over</p> <p>a. won't sell ... are b. won't sell ... aren't c. will sell ... are</p> <p>4. If you're in love with someone, everything ... different.</p> <p>a. is b. are c. will be</p> <p>5. I ... very upset if those gossips ... to be true.</p> <p>a. will be ... turn out b. am ... will turn out c. am ... turn out</p> <p>6. If I have to do this, I ...</p> <p>a. do b. will do c. would do</p> <p>7. If you take an aspirin, you ... better.</p> <p>a. can feel b. should feel c. have to feel</p>	<p>8. Unless she ... her results, she ... to the concert.</p> <p>a. improves ... won't go b. improves ... will go c. doesn't improve ... will go</p> <p>9. I won't go to the party unless she ... me.</p> <p>a. invites b. doesn't invite c. will invite</p> <p>10. If this is a good article, I ... Formula One driver!</p> <p>a. will be b. am c. would be</p> <p>11. I ... grateful if you ... what I said to yourself.</p> <p>a. will be ... will keep b. am ... keep c. will be ... keep</p> <p>12. If you heat water to 100 C, it ...</p> <p>a. boils b. boil c. will boil</p> <p>13. If world is a stage, then life ... a game.</p> <p>a. is b. will be c. would be</p> <p>14. Unless the weather ... better, I ...</p> <p>a. gets ... will arrive b. gets ... won't arrive c. doesn't get ... won't arrive</p> <p>15. If it's true, we ... fired.</p> <p>a. are b. aren't c. will be</p>
2 Fill in the blank with the correct comparative form of the adverb (in parentheses): -EX: He is singing <u>more loudly</u> than the other singers. (<i>loudly</i>)	
<p>1. He arrived .....than expected. (<i>early</i>)</p> <p>2. We walked .....than the rest of the people. (<i>slowly</i>)</p> <p>3. They called us .....in the afternoon. (<i>late</i>)</p> <p>4. My mother and my sister talked .....than the other guests. (<i>loudly</i>)</p> <p>5. He hit his arm .....than before. (<i>hard</i>)</p> <p>6. The athlete ran .....than the other runners. (<i>fast</i>)</p> <p>7. Jargal threw the ball .....than Purev. (<i>far</i>)</p> <p>8. We answered all the questions .....than the other students. (<i>well</i>)</p> <p>9. Our new teacher explains the exercises .....than our old teacher. (<i>badly</i>)</p> <p>10. The new mechanic checked the car .....than the old mechanic. (<i>thoroughly</i>).</p>	



Speaking skills		9-U-9-3
1	Answer the questions. / Addition and subtraction/	
	1. Jargal has 25.0000 tugrug and Zulaa has 9000 tugrug. How much more does Jargal have than Zulaa? 2. Sanchir has tg19 000 and Dolgor has tg6.000. How much money do they have all together? 3. Anand walked 5 km per hour. He walked for 4 hours. How far did he walk? 4. Mart has 16.000 and Irene has 7.000. How much more does Mart have than Irene	1..... 2..... 3..... 4.....
2	Multiplication and Division	
	1. Davaa worked to earn \$18.00. If he earns 3.000 per hour, how many hours did Davaa work? 2. One sticker costs 8.000. How much do 2 stickers cost? 3. Davaa read 25 pages a day. He has read 150 pages. How long did he read the book? 4. Javzan spends 50.490 on eggs. Ravdan buys 12 eggs. Each egg costs 5.61. How many eggs did Javzan buy?	1..... 2..... 3..... 4.....
3	Solution	
	1. Mart is preparing a final exam. She studied $\frac{3}{2}$ hours on Friday, $\frac{6}{4}$ hours on Saturday, and $\frac{2}{3}$ hours on Sunday. - How many hours did she study at the weekend? 2. A recipe requires $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoon sweet pepper, $\frac{3}{4}$ teaspoon black pepper, and $\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoon red pepper. - How much pepper does this recipe need?	1..... 2.....
4	Answer these questions.	
	1. How tall is your friend? 2. How far does your friend live from your school? 3. How many times does your friend have breaks at school? 4. How much pocket money does your friend spend a day? 5. How many hours does your friend spend on your homework a week? 6. How many classes does your friend have a whole school year? 7. How many books has your friend read this year? 8. How often does your friend do sums? 9. How much does your friend like Math problems?	1..... 2..... 3..... 4..... 5..... 6..... 7..... 8..... 9.....



Reading and speaking skills		9-U-9-4
<p>A statistical question is one in which has a variety of answers. For example, “How tall are you?” is not a statistical question. But “How tall are the students in your school?” is a statistical question. The statistical questions must contain a specific topic and group of people to whom the question is asked. In addition, statistical questions must have a number of options to choose from. For example, “How many minutes do the 9th grade students typically spend on homework each week?” is a statistical question. We expect that not all the 9th grade students spend the same amount of time on homework, and the time spent on homework may also vary from week to week. On the other hand, this is not a statistical question: “How much time did Josh spend studying last night?” This question is based on a single number and has a deterministic answer.</p>		
1	Read the text and choose true or false.	
	<p>1. A statistical question is one in which has a variety of answers.</p> <p>2. The statistical questions must contain group of people to whom the question is asked.</p> <p>3. Statistical questions must not have a number of options to choose from.</p>	<p>1. True or false</p> <p>2. True or false</p> <p>3. True or false</p>
<p>The question “How many buttons are in the jar?” is answered by counting the buttons. This produces a single value - it is not answered by collecting data that vary. The question “What is a typical number of holes for the buttons in the jar?” is a statistical question. To answer this question, you would need to collect data on the number of holes by recording a value for each button. Because not all buttons have the same number of holes, there would be variability in the data that would be used to answer this question. That is what makes this a statistical question. Statistics is the study of variability. Students who understand statistics need to be able to identify and pose questions that can be answered by data that vary.</p>		
2	Odd one out	
	<p>1. statistics, questions, students, variety, homework</p> <p>2. expect, contain, choose, collect, buttons, answer,</p> <p>3. single, pose, vary, specific, deterministic, <u>statistics</u></p> <p>4. data, question, counting, answered, because</p>	
3	Answer the questions and choose right one.	
	1. Which one is a statistical question?	<p>a. “How tall are you?”</p> <p>b. “How tall are the students in your school?”</p>
	2. Which one is not a statistical question?	<p>a. “How many minutes do the 9th grade students typically spend on homework each week?”</p> <p>b. “How much time did Josh spend studying last night?”</p> <p>c. “What is a typical number of holes for the buttons in the jar?”</p>
	3. Does a statistical question require	<p>a. variety of answers</p> <p>b. one answer</p> <p>c. only ten answers</p>
	4. What topic of the statistical questions must contain?	<p>a. a specific topic.</p> <p>b. a funny topic</p> <p>c. a normal topic</p>
	5. What do statistics need to be able to identify?	<p>a. pose questions that can be answered by data that vary.</p> <p>b. one questions that can be answered by data that vary.</p>



Writing skills (essay writing)		9-U-9-5
Sample essay topic	About earning money	
1. Read loudly many times this essay. 2. Learn by heart and translate into Mongolian. 3. Speak to someone.		
Earning money is very important indeed in our everyday life. No one can do without money. Money is necessary to buy the requirements of life and achieve a decent life for man. Money preserves the dignity of the human and helps him to overcome the problems. We need money to buy food and to pay our bills. A person needs money in everything in his life, such as education, health care and all aspects of life. Quite often money cannot buy these things at all. If a person always thinks about money, they will not be happy and enjoy their life. Although, they have a lot of money, they still feel not enough because they want to be a richest millionaire. Money can buy the best medical care available, but if free basic attention has not been paid to one's health which is allowed to deteriorate, there will come a time when no money in the world can return one to good health.		
5. See how to divide by paragraphs of essay		
Introduction	PH -1- Introduction sentence	Earning money is very important indeed in our everyday life. No one can do without money.
Body (PH-Paragraph)	PH -2- (Topic sentence)	Money is necessary to buy the requirements of life and achieve a decent life for man. Money preserves the dignity of the human and helps him to overcome the problems.
	PH -3- (Topic sentence)	We need money to buy food and to pay our bills. A person needs money in everything in his life, such as education, health care and all aspects of life.
	PH -4- (Topic sentence)	Quite often money cannot buy these things at all. If a person always thinks about money, they will not be happy and enjoy their life. Although, they have a lot of money, they still feel not enough because they want to be a richest millionaire.
Conclusion	PH -5- (Conclusion sentence)	Money can buy the best medical care available, but if free basic attention has not been paid to one's health which is allowed to deteriorate, there will come a time when no money in the world can return one to good health.
6. Write about " Earning money". Try to write at least three supporting sentences per paragraph.		
Introduction (PH-1 Paragraph)	PH -1- Introduction sentence	I'd like to tell you.....
Body (PH-Paragraph)	PH -2- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
	PH -3- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
	PH -4- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
Conclusion (PH Paragraph)	PH -5- (Conclusion sentence)	..... .....



	Quiz	
I.	Write the operations. /4 points/	
	1. $48 + 17 =$ 2. $50 - 28 =$	3. $100 : 25 =$ 4. $25 * 5 =$
II.	Write the numbers correctly in each blank space. /4 points/	
	1. 7/8 2. 25%	3. 0.72 4. 1/5
III.	Guess the palindromes to their definitions. /4 points/	
	1. a light canoe 2. detection device	3. to paper again 4. more red
IV.	Answer the questions. /3 points/	
	1.How many books have you read this year? 2.How much do you like Math problems? 3.How often do you practice tennis?	
V.	Calculate the fraction problems. / 2 points/	
	Nicole walked 1/2 of a mile yesterday and 3/4 of a mile today. How many miles has Nicole walked?	
VI.	Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.	
	1.Jargal did .....(worse / badly) than he thought he would do on his Math test. 2.Davaa drives (more carefully/the most carefully) than his brother does. 3.James runs so.....(faster/fast) that no one catches him in the race.	
	Quiz	
I.	Write the operations. /4 points/	
	1. $48 + 17 =$ 2. $50 - 28 =$	3. $100 : 25 =$ 4. $25 * 5 =$
II.	Write the numbers correctly in each blank space. /4 points/	
	1. 7/8 2. 25%	3. 0.72 4. 1/5
III.	Guess the palindromes to their definitions. /4 points/	
	1. a light canoe 2. detection device	3. to paper again 4. more red
IV.	Answer the questions. /3 points/	
	1.How many books have you read this year? 2.How much do you like Math problems? 3.How often do you practice tennis?	
V.	Calculate the fraction problems. / 2 points/	
	Nicole walked 1/2 of a mile yesterday and 3/4 of a mile today. How many miles has Nicole walked?	
VI.	Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.	
	1.Sanchir did .....(worse / badly) than he thought he would do on his Math test. 2.Delger drives (more carefully/the most carefully) than his brother does. 3.Jargal runs so.....(faster/fast) that no one catches him in the race.	



❖ 9-р бүлэг сэдвийн хүрээнд дэх үгсийг мэддэг эсэхээ өөрөө шалгаад, мэддэг үгсийн ард ✓ тэмдэглэгээ тавьж, мэддэггүй шинэ үгс таарвал толь бичгээс олж, цээжилнэ үү!

25% off-25%-		18. Denominator part	36. Logic problem	54. Recipe	
2. Aid		19. Deposit	37. Look back	55. Redder	
3. Arithmetic operation		20. Detection device-	38. Madam	56. Refer	
4. Based on		21. Deterministic answer-	39. Minus/subtraction	57. Revenue	
5. Beneath		22. Do the sum	40. Money-raising	58. Reverse	
6. Blank space		23. Drawer-	41. Monument	59. Same forward or backwards	
7. Bottle cap		24. Equal-	42. Multiplication	60. Simplify	
8. Budget		25. Equality-	43. Numerator	61. Specific topic	
9. Cash		26. Final exam	44. Page-	62. Statistical question-	
10. Change		27. Formal term	45. Palindrome	63. Statue of Liberty-	
11. Civic		28. Fraction/Division	46. Pastry	64. Sticker	
12. Collect data		29. Grade	47. Pertain-	65. Subtotal	
13. Comparison		30. Half	48. Planning	66. Teaspoon	
14. Confirm		31. Heaven	49. Plus/addition	67. Tip-	
15. Contain		32. In addition	50. Proportion	68. Variability	
16. Decimal		33. Jar	51. Quantity	69. Variety of answer	
17. Decrease		34. Kayak	52. Quarter	70. Vary	



Vocabulary section		9-U-10-1
1	Fill in each space with a verb from the words.	hire /travel/ stay/ buy / spend
	1 buy souvenirs / presents / postcards / stamps 2 .....in a hotel / in a bed and breakfast / at a campsite / in a youth hostel / at home 3..... to Ireland / by ferry / by car / by plane / by train / by coach 4 .....your holidays (in South Africa) / some time (on the beach) / two weeks (in Greece) 5..... a car / a boat / a bike / a surfboard	
2	a calendar, looking after, fundraising fair, permission, provided, profit, post-it notes, organisations	
	1. I mark my plans on a so as not to forget. 2. Children in the countryside usually help their parents animals. 3. is a popular event among schools in the UK and USA. 4. You should ask for a .....from your parents if you plan go out. 5. Local businesses have us with food at the old book sale. 6. We could make from the action. 7. I usually write my plans on 8. Local help schools to fund raise.	
3	Complete the sentences below choosing one of the following two words	
	1. We still have to..... (book/make) a hotel and to buy our plane tickets. 2. I'm leaving tomorrow and I still haven't .....(packed/stacked) my suitcases. 3. I always get great deals on hotels because my friend is a .....(trip/travel) agent. 4. A "bed and" (breakfast/food) is a private home which takes in guests. 5. It is often very expensive to travel during .....(peak/expensive) season. 6. Arranging "....." (acclimations/ accommodations) means arranging a place to stay (like a hotel, guest house, etc.) 7. Travel agents often ask you whether or not you would like to buy traveler's (insurance/policy). 8. ....(package/combined) tour/holiday is one that includes air, hotel, and often food. 9. (connecting/connect) flight requires a passenger to change from one plane to another. 10. If you lose something at an airport, you should check at the airport's lost-and-..... (find/found) office.	
4	Match the words.	
	1. organise 2. throw 3. set up 4. collecting 5. doing 6. visiting 7. travelling 8. staying 9. helping 10. reading 11. watching 12. taking 13. going 14. looking after	a. abroad b. in a children's camp c. parents d. books e. films f. courses g. to the countryside h. animals on farm i. an auction j. a party k. your own weekend plan l. bottles and cans at school. m. a part-time job n. relatives in other towns



	9-U-10-2
<p>1 Complete the text using the verbs given. Choose will or (be) going to with each verb,</p>	
<p>1. I can't lift this box. OK. I help you. a. will b. am going to</p> <p>2. I don't think that she recognize me. a. will b. is going to</p> <p>3. Careful! You fall. a. will b. are going to</p> <p>4. She graduate next year. a. will b. is going to c. Either could be used here</p> <p>5. The flight at 9 pm. a. departs b. will depart</p> <p>6. I meet your dad tomorrow afternoon. a. am going to b. will</p> <p>7. He is very hard-working. I think he be very successful. a. will b. is going to</p> <p>8. you marry me? a. Will b. Are you going to</p> <p>9. Who do you think .....win the championship? a. will b. is going to</p> <p>10. I to America next month. a. fly b. will fly c. am flying</p>	
<p>2 Complete the following sentences with will or going to.</p>	
<p>1. A: I can't come over during the day. B: I you tomorrow evening, then. (see)</p> <p>2. The method is quite simple, and I'm sure it .....familiar to most of you already. (be)</p> <p>3. Have you seen Khandaa recently? She another baby. (have)</p> <p>4. A: Did you get the theatre tickets? B: No, I forgot all about them. I them tomorrow. (book)</p> <p>5. Wherever you go in Mongolia, you the people very friendly. (find)</p> <p>6. Dorj says he a politician when he grows up - and he's only 5 years old! (be)</p> <p>7. A: Shall I give him another ring? B: Yes, I expect he home by now. (be)</p> <p>8. A: What are all those bricks for? B: I to build a wall at the side of the garden. (build)</p> <p>9. I hear you your car. How much do you want for it? (sell)</p> <p>10. Don't carry that heavy box, you your back. (hurt)</p> <p>11. I Enkhee this week end, if you'd like to come too. (see)</p> <p>12. If you want to help us, we those trees at the bottom of the garden. (plant)</p> <p>13. If you listen carefully, you an owl in the trees over there. (hear)</p> <p>14. You can't play football in the garden. I .....the grass. (cut)</p>	



Speaking and listening skills		9-U-10-3
1	Conversation questions: Future Tenses	
	1. What are you going to have for lunch today? 2. What are you eating for your dinner this evening? 3. What are you doing tomorrow morning? 4. Where are you going after this English lesson? 5. What are you doing this weekend? 6. What are you having for dinner tomorrow? 7. What are you going to do in the evening? 8. What is the next show you are going to watch? 9. What are you going to study in the future? 10. What are you going to cook this weekend? 11. Where are you going on your holiday? 12. What are you doing tomorrow?	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12.
2	1. Are you going to do a part-time job on your summer holiday? 2. Are you going to look after small children on your summer holiday? 3. Are you going to visit relatives in other towns on your summer holiday? 4. Are you going to travel abroad on your summer holiday? 5. Are you going to stay in a children's camp on your summer holiday? 6. Are you going to help parents on your summer holiday? 7. Are you going to read books on your summer holiday? 8. Are you going to watch films on your summer holiday? 9. Are you going to take English courses on your summer holiday? 10. Are you going to garden on your summer holiday? 11. Are you going to go to the countryside on your summer holiday? 12. Are you going to look after animals on farm on your summer holiday?	1..... 2..... 3..... 4..... 5..... 6..... 7..... 8..... 9..... 10..... 11..... 12.....
3	Let's talk about the future	
	1. What do you think the weather will be tomorrow? Give your prediction. 2. What are you going to do tomorrow? Describe your plans to the class. 3. What are you doing tonight? 4. What fixed appointments do you have? 5. Where do you see yourself ten years from now? Explain. 6. What kind of job would you like to do in the future? How much will you earn? 7. Do you think you will ever travel, live or work abroad? Talk about it. 8. How will transportation and travel change in the future? Give your views.	1..... 2..... 3..... 4..... 5..... 6..... 7..... 8.....



Writing and reading skills		9-U-10-4
1	Write questions in going to future.	
	1. (he / cook dinner / tonight) 2. (you / run / in the race) 3. (they / climb / that mountain) 4. (she / exercise / at the gym / in the afternoon) 5. (you / carry / that heavy box) 6. (computer / crash) 7. (we / eat / fish / tonight) 8. (he / play football / tomorrow) 9. (Luya / call / a taxi) 10. (you / sing / a song / for us)	1. Is he going to cook dinner tonight? 2..... 3..... 4..... 5..... 6..... 7..... 8..... 9..... 10.....
2	Imagine you got this email from your friend, Suren. How does she feel? Why?	
	<p>Hi (name), I'm so excited. Guess what – it's my dad's 50th birthday next month, and so he's taking us all to London for a weekend! Cool, eh? We're driving on the Thursday early morning. As soon as we arrive, we're going on a tour of the city. They say London is really beautiful by night, and I'm really looking forward to seeing all those famous places. On the Friday we're going to the Tate Modern (the art gallery near the river Thames), then to the Design Museum. It's not far from our hotel, so we're planning to walk there. In the afternoon, we're going on the London Eye. I can't wait to see the Houses of Parliament from up there! Saturday is for shopping – there's no doubt about that! We're going to Portobello Road first. Then in the afternoon, we're visiting Harrods – the most famous shop in London! Dad's not very happy about it, but I'm sure he'll enjoy it when we're there. On Sunday morning we're going to Hyde Park, and we're flying home in the afternoon. It's my dream trip – and it's happening! Hope everything's OK with you. Love, Suren</p>	
3	Write back to Suren. In your email, tell her about a trip you are going on. Include this information about the arrangement:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ where and when you are going ❖ who you are going with ❖ how you are travelling ❖ where you are staying ❖ what you are doing there ❖ how long you are staying	..... ..... ..... ..... .....
4	Write about your holiday plans: Imagine your family is planning a holiday.	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Where are you going? ❖ How long are you staying and where are you staying? ❖ What are you planning to do there? ❖ How are you getting there?	..... ..... .....



Writing skills (essay writing)		9-U-10-5
Sample essay topic	My plan for summer holiday	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Read loudly many times this essay. 2. Learn by heart and translate into Mongolian. 3. Speak to someone. 		
<p>My plan for summer holiday</p> <p>Summer holidays are always special and super fun. Summer vacations mean no school, no waking up early from bed, no homework and no boring routine.</p> <p>First of all, I am super excited as I will visit my grandparents in the Altanbulag sum, 15 km away from Selenge aimag. My grandparent's house in the village is surrounded with the trees with wild fruits. I love picking fresh fruits and enjoy eating them.</p> <p>I mostly enjoy reading love stories. I also love writing short stories and poems so I plan to write a few this vacation in my free time.</p> <p>I will also enroll myself at music classes this summer vacation as I wish to learn to play piano. I love listening and playing music in my free time and am planning to practice more in this summer vacation.</p> <p>So, I am all set and super excited for my summer holiday and have so many plans. I will stick to all these plans to make the most of my summer vacations. It is surely going to be fun, interesting and full of energy.</p>		
5. See how to divide by paragraphs of essay		
Introduction	PH -1- Introduction sentence	Summer holidays are always special and super fun. Summer vacations mean no school, no waking up early from bed, no homework and no boring routine.
Body (PH-Paragraph)	PH -2- (Topic sentence)	First of all, I am super excited as I will visit my grandparents in the Altanbulag sum, 15 km away from Selenge aimag. My grandparent's house in the village is surrounded with the trees with wild fruits. I love picking fresh fruits and enjoy eating them.
	PH -3- (Topic sentence)	I mostly enjoy reading love stories. I also love writing short stories and poems so I plan to write a few this vacation in my free time.
	PH -4- (Topic sentence)	I will also enroll myself at music classes this summer vacation as I wish to learn to play piano. I love listening and playing music in my free time and am planning to practice more in this summer vacation.
Conclusion	PH -5- (Conclusion sentence)	So, I am all set and super excited for my summer holiday and have so many plans. I will stick to all these plans to make the most of my summer vacations. It is surely going to be fun, interesting and full of energy.
6. Write about your plan for summer holiday. Try to write at least three supporting sentences per paragraph.		
Introduction (PH-1 Paragraph)	PH -1- Introduction sentence	I'd like to tell you.....
Body (PH-Paragraph)	PH -2- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
	PH -3- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
	PH -4- (Topic sentence)	..... ..... .....
Conclusion (PH Paragraph)	PH -5- (Conclusion sentence)	..... .....



Quiz-		9-U-10-6-A version
I.	Connect the words. /3 points/	
	1.to organize a/ service 2.to set up b/ a permission 3.to require c/ a fundraising event	
II.	Complete the sentences the present simple form of the verbs in the brackets.	
	1.The next school bus (come) in 25 minutes. 2.The plane (arrive) in Mongolia at 2:45 pm. 3.When the music festival (end)? 4.The movie .....(start) at 8p.m tomorrow.	
III.	Underline the correct words in italics. /4 points/	
	1. Local authority / organizations help the schools to fund raise. 2. You should ask for a profit / permission from your teacher if you want to go out of the classroom. 3. Bolor marks her mom’s birthday on a notebook / a calendar not to forget. 4. My mom usually writes her plans on post-it-notes / schedule.	
IV.	Choose the correct answer. /3 points/	
	1. the calculator tonight? I want to check my math problems when I get home. a/ Are you using b/ Do you use c/ You are using d/ will you use 2. Where tomorrow evening? a/ are you going b/ do you going c/ are you go d/ do you go 3. Hurry up! The train in 5 minutes! a/ is leaving b/ was leaving c/ are leaving d/ left	
V.	Unjumble the words. /4 points/	
	1.otneokob 2. yraid 3.stil 4.enohpi	
VI.	Answer the questions. /2 points/	
	1.What are you doing tonight? 2.What does your friend use to make a plan?	
Quiz-		9-U-10-6-B version
I.	Connect the words. /3 points/	
	1.to plant a/ business 2.to offer b/ trees 3.to make c/ a profit	
II.	Complete the sentences the present simple form of the verbs in the brackets.	
	1.The art exhibition (open) next Friday. 2.The train to Moscow (leave) Mongolia at 5:30 pm. 3..... English lesson (start) in ten minutes? 4.What time the play end?	
III.	Underline the correct words in italics. /4 points/	
	1.We usually write our plans on post – it – notes / calendar. 2.We could make service / profit from the auction. 3.Local companies set up / provided us with food at the old book sale. 4.Fundraising fairs / profits are organized among schools in UK.	
IV.	Choose the correct answer. /3 points/	
	1. We dinner in a restaurant this evening. Would you like to join? a/ are have b/ are having c/ have d/ having 2.I sore throat, so I the doctor at 2 o'clock. a/ am having / am seeing b/ have / see c/ have / am seeing d/ am having / see 5.Hurry up! The plane in 10 minutes! a/ is leaving b/ was leaving c/ are leaving d/ left	
V.	Unjumble the words. /4 points/	
	1.dapi 2.enalrad 3.oipd 4.tsop- ti-eonts	
VI.	Answer the questions. /2 points/	
	1.What is your friend doing tonight?	



❖ 10-р бүлэг сэдвийн хүрээнд дэх үгсийг мэддэг эсэхээ өөрөө шалгаад, мэддэг үгсийн ард V тэмдэглэгээ тавьж, мэддэггүй шинэ үгс таарвал толь бичгээс олж, цээжилнэ үү!

Administration		25. Entry		48. National costume		72. Shining	
2. Announcement		26. Explore		49. Nearly-		73. Shuttle bus	
3. Appropriate		27. Fare		50. Neglected people-		74. Sightseeing-	
4. Arrangement		28. Foundation		51. Open government-		75. Slip	
5. Assess-		29. Gardening		52. Outcome-		76. Snorkeling	
6. Auction		30. Go cliff jumping		53. Paddle board		77. Sore throat	
7. Authorities		31. Handicraft		54. Participant		78. Southern part	
8. Awesome		32. Holiday location		55. Part-time job		79. Spot decision	
9. Barbeque		33. Holy night		56. Permission		80. Suggestion	
10. Bunch of pictures		34. Hurry		57. Permit		81. Supply goods	
11. Cans		35. Infinity		58. Post-it-note		82. Surfboard	
12. Capital city		36. Inform		59. Prediction-		83. Temple-	
13. Century		37. Initial budget		60. Preparation step		84. Throw	
14. Charge entrance fee		38. Ink		61. Profit-		85. Time wheel-	
15. Charity		39. Intention		62. Project-		86. Timetable\Schedule	
16. Chew		40. Join		63. Recycled litter		87. Tour guide	
17. Children's camp		41. Lighted window		64. Require		88. Town	
18. Climb the hill		42. List		65. Review		89. Trampoline	
19. Coincidence		43. Magnificent		66. Rewarding job		90. Tropical Island	
20. Compulsory		44. Mini-concert		67. Sailboat		91. Unfortunately	
21. Cultural programme		45. Missing part		68. Scheduled event		92. University	
22. Decision		46. Monastery-		69. Senior		93. Vote	
23. Discussion		47. Morning profile		70. Serial-		94. Voucher	
24. Donate-		25. Entry		71. Shell		95. Walkway	



Summarize worksheet		Unit 1	
1	Use the words in brackets to complete each of the following. All the sentences are in the present perfect simple tense.		
	1. (I/be) .....to New York several times. I love it. 2. (I/never/be) .....to Tokyo, but I'd love to go there someday. 3. (She/be) .....to Australia three times. 4. (you/ever/be) .....to China? 5. How many countries (you/be) .....to? 6. There's a new cinema in town. (you/be) .....there yet? 7. I'm ready to go. (you/finish) .....getting ready yet? 8. Suren isn't here. (she/go) .....to the shops for some bread. 9. You have a great suntan, Sally. (you/be) .....on holiday? 10. How many countries has he been?		
2	Choose correct one.		
	1. Tuya (used to/ using/ use) drink coffee. Now he prefers tea. 2. Zulaa (used to/ using/ use) to fly from Ulaanbaatar to Hovd. Now she takes the MIAT. 3. I (used to/ using/ use) to drive to work. Now I take the underground. 4. Bat (used to/ using/ use) to live in Selenge. Now he lives in Ulaanbaatar. 5. Sansar (used to/ using/ use) to eat meat. Now she's a vegetarian. 6. Emma (used to/ using/ use) to wear glasses. Now she wears contact lenses. 7. My mother didn't (used to/ using/ use) to do much exercise. Now she goes walking with a friend. 8. My grandfather didn't (used to/ using/ use) to approve of social networks. 9. Now he (uses to/ using/ use) them every day to stay in contact with his grandchildren!		
3	Write the past -participle (ppII)		
	1. be 2. begin 3. break 4. bring 5. buy 6. build 7. choose 8. come 9. cost 10. cut 11. do 12. draw 13. drive 14. eat 15. feel 16. find 17. get 18. give 19. go 20. have 21. hear 22. hold 23. keep 24. know 25. leave	1.been 2..... 3..... 4.....	27. let 28. lie 29. lose 30. make 31. mean 32. meet 33. pay 34. put 35. run 36. say 37. see 38. sell 39. send 40. set 41. sit 42. speak 43. spend 44. stand 45. take 46. teach 47. tell 48. think 49. understand 50. wear 51. win
			27..... 28.....



Summarize worksheet		Unit 2	
1	Complete the sentence using the comparative form of the adjective in brackets.		
	1. Jargal's room is .....than Luya's room. (small) 2. The blue car is .....than the black car. (nice) 3. This exercise is .....than that one. (boring) 4. His pullover is .....than his jeans. (dark) 5. Saraa's hair is .....than my hair. (long) 6. Suren is .....than Ravdan. (funny) 7. My result in the test was .....than Khulan's. (good) 8. Gold is .....than silver. (expensive) 9. Chimgee is .....than Alimaa. (smart) 10. Football is .....than handball. (popular)		
2	Complete the sentence using the superlative form of the adjective in brackets. (biggest, oldest, best, worst, etc.).		
	1. Our house is..... (big) in the street. 2 He is .....(old)of four children. 3 The oldest.....man in the world is 120 years old. 4 Don't go there - it's (expensive) shop in the town. 5 My brother says The Beatles were .....(best)group ever. 6 The Nile is..... (long)t river in the world. 7 Everest is (high) mountain in the world. 8 Is the president..... (important) man in the country? 9 Sam is a terrible footballer - he's (bad)player in the team. 10 What's..... (large) city in the world?		
3	Put the comparative and superlative adjectives.		
	Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
	1. busy	1.	1. busiest
	2. calm	2. calmer	2.
	3. cheap	3. cheaper	3. cheapest
	4. chewy	4.	4. chewiest
	5. chubby	5.	5. chubbiest
	6. classy	6. classier	6.
	7. clean	7.	7. cleanest
	8. clear	8. clear	8.
	9. clever	9.	9. cleverest
	10. close	10. closer	10.
	11. cloudy	11.	11. cloudiest
	12. clumsy	12. clumsier	12.
	13. busy	13.	13. busiest
	14. calm	14. calmer	14.
	15. big	15.	15. biggest
	16. modern	16. more modern	16.
	17. beautiful	17.	17. most beautiful
	18. expensive	18. more expensive	18.
	19. interesting	19.	19. most interesting
	20. delicious	20. more delicious	20.
	21. important	21.	21. most important
	22. handsome	22. more handsome	22.
	23. attractive	23.	23. most attractive



Summarizing workshee-Unit 3

	Summarizing workshee-Unit 3	
1	Rewrite the direct speech as reported speech to complete the sentences. Use contractions where possible.	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 'I'll send you a postcard.' He told us that <u>he 'd send</u> us a postcard. 'We've bought a new car.' They told me they a new car. 'I don't speak German.' She said that she 'You failed your art exam.' You said that we our art exam. 'I can't drive.' He said he 'You look nice.' He told me that I..... nice. 'We're going ice-skating.' They said they ice-skating. 'The students aren't listening to me.' The teacher said the students to her. 	
2	Convert the sentences below from direct to indirect speech (reported speech statements).	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Luvsan said, "I will invite you to my birthday party." She said that she would invite me to her birthday party Anand said, "I will turn twenty today." Davaa said, "Things will get better." The doctor said, "Your aunt doesn't need an operation." Emme told me, "I will help you finish your homework." Radnaa said, "I will pass the exam." Jargal told me, "I have seen this movie." Khulan said, "I can speak English fluently." Luvsan told Sergelen, "I will not go swimming with you." Jargal said, "I have finished my lunch." 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <u>1. She said that she would invite me to her birthday party.</u>
3	<p>Choose right one.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Did you dancing yesterday? (do / play / go) It is dangerous to skating on that lake. (do / play / go) He likes to a good game of chess from time to time. (do / go / play) I swimming in the river. (go / do / play) This summer we are going to swimming every day. (go / do / play) He has been aerobics for several years now. (go / do / play) He has cricket at the national level. (play / do / go) My daughter always needs someone to with her. (play / do / go) He football for a local club. (play / go / do) He sailing every week. (play / go / do) 	



Summarize worksheet		Unit 4
1	Order of Adjectives	
	1. We wanted _____ (grey / a / metal) table. 2. They bought _____ (red / a / new) car. 3. She went home and sat on _____ (comfortable / her / wooden / old) bed. 4. He bought _____ (woollen / a / British / fabulous) suit. 5. They have _____ (Dutch / black) bicycles. 6. He wants _____ (some / French / delicious / really) cheese. 7. _____ (young / a / pretty) girl walked into the room. 8. He has _____ (a lot of / old / interesting) books. 9. She bought _____ (plastic / red / a / new) plastic lunchbox. 10. He is looking for _____ (leather / stylish / a / black) bag. 11. She dropped _____ (old / beautiful / the) plate and it smashed. 12. I want _____ (silk / green / an / amazing) dress. 13. She drank _____ (Italian / black / hot) coffee. 14. He saw _____ (French / writing / old / an) desk. 15. They stayed in _____ (little / a / cute) cottage. 16. I visited _____ (ancient / a / spooky / German) castle. 17. He has _____ (silver / old / beautiful / a) ring. 18. We ate _____ (green / English / round / some) apples. 19. I need _____ (computer / comfortable / a) desk. 20. They went on holiday to _____ (small / wooden / a / beautiful) cabin.	
2	Put in the correct form of the verb in Passive into the gaps. Use Simple Present.	
	1. Files (to delete) 2. A party (to celebrate) 3. Forms (to return) 4. Ice cream (to freeze) 5. The turkey (to roast) 6. Animals (to kill) 7. Beds (to make) 8. Service (to include) 9. Rumours (to hear) 10. Fruits (to sell)	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.
3	1. Fiat cars \ Italy \ make 2. Spaghetti \ boiling water \ cook 3. Children \ schools \ educate 4. Football \ every country \ play 5. Racehorses \ jockeys \ ride 6. Rolls Royce cars \ make \ Great Britain 7. We \ teach \ our teacher 8. spaghetti \ make \ flour 9. Switzerland \ speak \ German 10. Grapes \ wine \ make	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.



Summarize worksheet		Unit 5
1	at, in or on? – Choose the correct preposition	
	1. ....September 2. ....12 o'clock 3. ....winter 4. ....Easter Monday 5. ....4th July, 1776	6. ....Christmas 7. ....Tuesday 8. ....the weekend 9. ....my birthday 10.....the end of the week
2	Choose the correct prepositions:	
	1. "Let's meet _____ midday _____ Saturday." a. at, at b. in, on c. at, on 2. Choose the correct prepositions: "The manager isn't here _____ present, but she'll be back _____ half an hour." a. at, in b. at, at c. in, in 3. Which are correct? "You won't be working _____ Saturday nights _____ the future, will you?" a. at, in b. on, in c. on, at 4. Which are correct? "I'm busy _____ moment, but I'll be free _____ evening." a. at the, in this b. in the, at this c. at the, this	
3	Complete these sentences by filling in the correct form of the verb in the past continuous.	
	1. Yesterday, it .....(to rain) all day. 2. He .....(to call) his mother when he saw a parrot. 3. She interrupted me while I .....(to wash) my hair. 4. I (to walk) to school. 5. She .....(to write) a chapter of her book yesterday morning. 6. We .....(to watch) the new James Bond film when we heard a bang. 7. They .....(to sing) along to the songs on the radio. 8. She .....(really, to waste) my time. 9. They .....(to fish) yesterday afternoon. 10. He .....(to look) at the meteor storm through his telescope.	
4	Complete these sentences by filling in the verb in the past continuous.	
	1. I don't get what he .....(to do) while he .....(to drive) the truck. 2. They .....(not, to watch) where they .....(to go). 3. Why .....(you, to listen) to that rubbish? 4. My friend .....(to read) a book while he .....(to enjoy) the view. 5. I apologise because I .....(not, to pay) attention to what you .....(to say). 6. They .....(not, to try) to help us. 7. ....(he, to act) like a true gentleman? 8. Why .....(she, to run) away? (she, to hide) from someone? 9. We .....(to book) a city trip when he called.	



Summarize worksheet			Unit 6	
1 Put the comparative and the superlative				
(Positive)	(Comparative)	(Superlative)	Match the opposites	
Soon	.....	soonest	1.older →	a. cooler
Fast	faster	.....	2.cheaper →	b. worse
Late	.....	latest	3.colder →	c. easier
Loud	louder	.....	4.more boring →	d. bigger
Clean	.....	cleanest	5.warmer →	e. less
Clear	clearer	.....	6.better →	f. wetter
Happily	.....	most happily	7.more difficult →	g. younger
Swiftly	more swiftly	.....	8.smaller →	h. more expensive
Ably	.....	most ably	9.more →	i. hotter
Truly	more truly	.....	10.drier →	j. more interesting
Greedily	.....	most greedily		
Efficiently	more efficiently	.....	
Certainly	.....	most certainly		
Painfully	more painfully	.....	
Joyfully	.....	most joyfully		
Late	later	.....	
Well	.....	best		
Badly	worse	.....	
Little	.....	least		
Much	more	.....	
2 Choose whether each sentence requires the comparative or superlative form:				
1. There are 10 houses on our street. Our house is the _____ one. a. biggest b. bigger				
2. My brother sings better than I do, but I play guitar _____ than he does. a. the best b. better				
3. This is _____ song I have ever heard! a. better b. the best				
4. Tom is _____ than I am. a. stronger b. the strongest				
5. Out of all the students in our class, I am _____. a. the shortest b. shorter				
6. Everyone says that my sister is _____ than I am. a. the best looking b. better looking				
7. She is _____ girl in our school. a. the best looking b. better looking				
8. This is boring. Let's do something _____. a. the most interesting b. more interesting				
9. This isn't _____ book I have ever read. a. more interesting b. the most interesting				
10. Your apartment is _____ than mine.				



Summarize of worksheet		Unit 7
1	Make the first conditional	
	1) If I .....(go) out tonight, I .....(go) to the cinema. 2) If you .....(get) back late, I .....(be) angry. 3) If we .....(not/see) each other tomorrow, we .....(see) each other next week. 4) If he .....(come) , I .....(be) surprised. 5) If we .....(wait) here, we .....(be) late. 6) If we .....(go) on holiday this summer, we .....(go) to Spain. 7) If the weather .....(not/improve), we .....(not/have) a picnic. 8) If I .....(not/go) to bed early, I .....(be) tired tomorrow. 9) If we .....(eat) all this cake, we .....(feel) sick. 10) If you .....(not/want) to go out, I .....(cook) dinner at home. 11) I .....(come) early, if you .....(want). 12) They .....(go) to the party if they .....(be) invited. 13) She .....(stay) in London if she .....(get) a job. 14) He .....(not/get) a better job if he .....(not/pass) that exam. 15) I .....(buy) a new dress if I .....(have) enough money. 16) She .....(cook) dinner if you .....(go) to the supermarket. 17) They .....(go) on holiday if they .....(have) time. 18) We .....(be) late if we .....(not/hurry). 19) She .....(take) a taxi if it .....(rain). 20) I .....(not/go) if you .....(not/come) with me.	
2	Complete the sentences with the words in brackets in the correct order then write the complete sentences. Sentence number one is an example.	
	1. I promised to deliver her the parcel. (parcel/the/her) 2. We have already shown (the/Mrs. Khurlee/to/project) 3. We will write (letter/a/Davaa) 4. I can lend (book/her/the) 5. They will immediately send (a/us/to/fax) 6. Keep (place/her/the/for) 7. They've bought (daughter/new/a/flat/their) 8. Show (to/his/him/room) 9. You should give (of/your/a/teacher/bunch/flowers) 10. My mum made (for/cake/me/a/huge)	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.
3	Complete the sentences and use a preposition if necessary. The first sentence is an example.	
	1. Please, bring me a cup of coffee. (a cup of coffee/me) 2. Will you show? (it/her) 3. They sold. (my sister/their house) 4. I want to send. (Zulaa/this card) 5. You should write.(your parents) 6. Please, don't tell.(him) 7. I've bought. (Khulan/it). 8. My father gave. (me/it) 9. Will you read? (us, it) 10. Why don't you help? (Direct and indirect/objects/Saraa/solving)	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.



Summarize worksheet -Unit 8		Unit-8
1	Relative pronouns who which that exercise. Choose the right words: who, which or that to complete the following relative clauses.	
	1. I met a woman .....can speak Chinese. 2. What's the name of the man/ that lives next door? 3. What's the name of the river / that goes through the town? 4. Everybody/ that went to the party enjoyed it very much. 5. Do you know anybody/ that wants to buy a car? 6. Where is the clock/ which was on the wall? 7. She always asks me questions/ that are difficult to answer. 8. I have a friend/ that is very good at singing. 9. I don't like people/ that never stop talking. 10. Have you seen the dictionary/ which was on the table?	
2	Choose who / whom / that / which / when / where / whose / why. There may be more than one correct answers.	
	1. My cousin Ekhee, works at big company, is a brilliant scientist. 2. The shop .....I go to is close to downtown. 3. Your shop, will probably be shut down next year, is really old. 4. I've met most of the people .....are eager to take part in the competition. 5. Do you know the reason our offer was rejected. 6. Do you remember the town .....you were born? 7. The neighbor .....son is always running around the street is a journalist. 8. Where is the box .....came in the mail? 9. 1999 is the year the big earthquake happened. 10. Do you know the man .....my father's helping? 11. I apologized to the woman coffee I spilled. 12. My cat Fer, .....I love, bit me yesterday. 13. I had never seen the guy .....was following me yesterday. 14. The blonde girl in the lineup, has a white hat, won the race. 15. My new car, .....was in park, was hit from behind. 16. They towed the car .....was in front of the barn. 17. The container .....we throw our trash should be kept outside the house.	
3	Choose "If or Unless"	
	1. my friend goes on holiday, I must look after his dog. 2. You shouldn't drive you don't have a driver's licence. 3. I'll go to the beach with my sister it rains this weekend. 4. It's raining. you don't have an umbrella, you'll get wet. I'll lend you mine. 5. it stops raining we will not have a picnic. 6. You will never understand English grammar you study this language. 7. I'll vaccum the carpets. Wash the windows - you are tired. 8. you studied more, you would pass the exam. 9. he hadn't spent all his salary in the disco club, he would have had money to go on holiday. 10. you hurry up, we will be late. 11. you don't hurry up, we will be late. 12. We can't enter the cinema we have a ticket. 13. I go to France, I will buy some French wine. 14. Beer is great you drink too much of it. 15. you need more space, a small room is good for you.	



Summarize worksheet		Unit 9
1	Answer the zero conditional questions by matching the correct number for each one	
	<p>1. <u>What do you do if you get a headache?</u></p> <p>2. What do you do if you feel bored in your English class?</p> <p>3. What do you do if you get toothache?</p> <p>4. What do you do if you get sunburnt?</p> <p>5. What do you do if you can't sleep at night?</p> <p>6. What do you do if you feel sleepy during the day?</p> <p>7. What do you do if you don't understand your English teacher?</p> <p>8. What do you do if you don't want to do your English homework?</p> <p>9. What does your teacher do if you talk in class?</p> <p>10. What do your parents do if you are not in touch regularly?</p> <p>11. What do you do if you oversleep?</p> <p>12. What do your friends do if you forget their birthdays?</p> <p>13. What do you do if you have to prepare for a difficult exam?</p> <p>14. What do you do if you feel hungry at night?</p> <p>15. What do you do if there is nothing on TV?</p> <p>16. What do you do if you cut yourself?</p> <p>17. What do you do if you receive bad service in a restaurant?</p> <p>18. What do you do if something you buy breaks after a few days?</p>	<p>1. I ask him to speak more slowly</p> <p>2. He tells me to shut up!</p> <p>3. I make an appointment to see the dentist.</p> <p>4. I call ahead to say I'm late.</p> <p>5. I lock my door and study for a week.</p> <p>6. I read a book for half an hour.</p> <p>7. I don't do anything, but I never return.</p> <p>8. I look out of the window.</p> <p>9. I remember how important it is to learn!</p> <p>10. I watch a DVD.</p> <p>11. They tell me to be more considerate.</p> <p>12. <u>I go and lie down.</u></p> <p>13. I eat a few crackers.</p> <p>14. I eat something and that wakes me up.</p> <p>15. I put pressure on the area but nothing else.</p> <p>16. I use my mother's face cream to cool my skin.</p> <p>17. I go back to the store with it.</p> <p>18. They forget mine the next time.</p>
2	Supply the suitable forms of the verbs in brackets.	
	<p>1. If it doesn't .....(rain), plants cannot grow.</p> <p>2. If I .....(try) to cook, I ruin the food.</p> <p>3. If you smoke, your skin (age) more quickly.</p> <p>4. If you heat ice, it (melt).</p> <p>5. I feel good if you .....(visit) me regularly.</p> <p>6. Water evaporates if you .....(boil) it.</p> <p>7. Delger .....(cycle) to work if the weather is good.</p> <p>8. I feel sick if I .....(eat) too much chocolate.</p> <p>9. You need to take my sister to the hospital if she .....(drink) milk as she is allergic to it.</p> <p>10. If Anand.....(go) to bed late, he cannot wake up early.</p>	
3	Complete the sentences. Use the present perfect form of the verbs in brackets.	
	<p>1. Their teacher gets annoyed.....(students / use) their mobile phones in class. score</p> <p>2. I go to the doctor's.....(I / not feel) very well.</p> <p>3. If you leave your bike there, .....(someone / could / take) it.</p> <p>4. ....(food / stay) fresh for longer if you put it in the fridge.</p> <p>5. If you drop the camcorder,.....(it / might / not work) properly.</p> <p>6. We might miss the bus.....(not leave) now.</p> <p>7. (Saraa / not have) .....a lot of homework, she goes out with her friends.</p> <p>8. If you lend him money,.....(he / may / not pay) you back.</p>	



Summarize worksheet		Unit 10
1	Put in 'will' or 'be going to'	
<p>A: We don't have any bread. B: I know. I _____ get some from the shop.</p> <p>2. A: We don't have any bread. B: Really? I _____ get some from the shop then.</p> <p>3. A: Why do you need to borrow my suitcase? B: I _____ visit my mother in Selenge next month.</p> <p>4. A: I'm really cold. B: I _____ turn the heating on.</p> <p>5. A: Are you going to John's party tonight? B: Yes. Are you going too? I _____ give you a lift.</p> <p>6. A: What are your plans after you leave university? B: I _____ work in a hospital in Ulaanbaatar. I leave on the 28th.</p> <p>7. (The phone rings) A: I _____ get it!</p> <p>8. A: Are you ready to order? B: I can't decide ... Okay, I _____ have the steak, please.</p> <p>9. A: Are you busy tonight? Would you like to have coffee? B: Sorry. I _____ go to the library. I've been planning to study all day.</p> <p>10. A: Why are you carrying a hammer? B: I _____ put up some pictures.</p>		
2	Choose the correct one/ Present continuous for future multiple choice/	
<p>1. A: What are you doing _____? B: I haven't decided yet. What are you up to? a. at the moment b. now c. this weekend d. right now</p> <p>2. _____ you doing anything this evening? a. Will b. Are c. Do d. Shall</p> <p>3. Which one is different? a. I am waiting for my sister now. b. I am meeting my parents for dinner tomorrow. c. Listen, the baby is crying. d. It is raining outside at the moment.</p> <p>4. My family is very excited because my brother _____ tomorrow! a. will get married b. is going to get married c. will be get married d. is getting married</p> <p>5. Are you _____ soon? a. leave b. left c. leaving d. will leave</p> <p>6. I _____ in the next race. a. am not competing b. won't competing c. amn't competing d. am not compete</p> <p>7. _____ you playing in the team tomorrow? a. Do b. Are c. Will d. Shall</p> <p>8. The team is meeting with the PE teacher _____. a. yesterday b. tonight c. two hours ago</p>		

Бүлэг сэдэв:
 Сурагчийн овог нэр:



Эхэлсэн: он сар өдөр цаг

9-р ангийн англи хэлний хичээлийн дасгал ажлын хуудастай ажиллах өөрийн үнэлгээний үйл ажиллагааны алхам				
Бүлэг сэдэв	Ажлын хуудас	Өөрийн үнэлгээ		
Unit	Worksheet	Багшаас дэмжлэг авах	Бие даан судлах, дахин гүйцэтгэх	Хангалттай хийсэн
Unit 6	Worksheet 1			
	Worksheet 2			
	Worksheet 3			
	Worksheet 4			
	Worksheet 5			
	Worksheet 6			
Unit 7	Worksheet 1			
	Worksheet 2			
	Worksheet 3			
	Worksheet 4			
	Worksheet 5			
	Worksheet 6			
Unit 8	Worksheet 1			
	Worksheet 2			
	Worksheet 3			
	Worksheet 4			
	Worksheet 5			
	Worksheet 6			
Unit 9	Worksheet 1			
	Worksheet 2			
	Worksheet 3			
	Worksheet 4			
	Worksheet 5			
	Worksheet 6			
Unit 10	Worksheet 1			
	Worksheet 2			
	Worksheet 3			
	Worksheet 4			
	Worksheet 5			
	Worksheet 6			
Summarizing worksheet	Worksheet 1			
	Worksheet 2			
	Worksheet 3			
	Worksheet 4			
	Worksheet 5			
	Worksheet 6			
	Worksheet 7			
	Worksheet 8			
	Worksheet 9			
	Worksheet 10			

Дууссан:он сарөдөр Цаг...
 Өөрийн үнэлгээ.....
 Багшийн үнэлгээ